#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CHARLES M. KUPPERMAN	)
9075 Sorreno Ct.	)
Naples, FL 34119	)
·····	)
Plaintiff,	)
V.	) Civil Action No. 19-32
	)
UNITED STATES HOUSE OF	)
REPRESENTATIVES	)
Ford House Office Building Room 217	)
Washington, D.C. 20515	)
	)
Defendant,	)
,	)
THE HONORABLE DONALD J. TRUMP,	)
in his official capacity as President of the	)
United States	)
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW	)
Washington, D.C. 20500	)
Defendant.	)
	)
THE HONORABLE NANCY PELOSI,	
in her official capacity as Speaker of the	)
House of Representatives	)
1236 Longworth House Office Building	)
Washington, D.C. 20515	)
	)
Defendant,	)
	ý
THE HONORABLE ADAM B. SCHIFF,	)
in his official capacity as Chairman of the	)
House Permanent Select Committee	)
on Intelligence	ý
HVC304 Capitol	ý
	) )
Washington D.C. 20515	
Washington, D.C. 20515	)
Washington, D.C. 20515 Defendant,	)

)

THE HONORABLE ELIOT L. ENGEL,in his official capacity as Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs2170 Rayburn House Office BuildingWashington, D.C. 20515

Defendant,

THE HONORABLE CAROLYN B. MALONEY, in her official capacity as Acting Chair of the House Committee on Oversight and Reform2157 Rayburn House Office BuildingWashington, D.C. 20515

Defendant,

#### **COMPLAINT**

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, Plaintiff Charles M. Kupperman, the former Deputy National Security Advisor and Acting National Security Advisor to President Donald J. Trump, files this action in the nature of interpleader against Defendants: the United States House of Representatives; Representative Nancy Pelosi, Speaker of the House of Representatives; Representative Adam B. Schiff, Chairman of the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence; Representative Eliot L. Engel, Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs; Representative Carolyn B. Maloney, Acting Chair of the House Committee on Oversight and Reform (collectively, the "House Defendants"); and Donald J. Trump, President of the United States. Plaintiff is faced with irreconcilable commands by the Legislative and Executive Branches of the Government and, accordingly, seeks a declaratory judgment from this Court as to whether he is lawfully obliged to comply with a subpoena issued by the House Defendants demanding his testimony "[p]ursuant to the House of Representatives' impeachment inquiry," or he is lawfully obliged to abide by the assertion of immunity from congressional process made by the President in connection with the testimony sought from Plaintiff. Plaintiff hereby alleges as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiff served as the Deputy National Security Advisor and Assistant to the President from January 9, 2019, to September 20, 2019, and as the Acting National Security Advisor from September 10, 2019, to September 20, 2019. As part of the House's impeachment inquiry, the House Defendants have issued a subpoena requiring Plaintiff to appear and testify about his official duties in connection with the United States' relations with Ukraine. The President, however, acting through the White House Counsel, has asserted that Plaintiff, as a close personal advisor to the President, is immune from Congressional process, and has instructed Plaintiff not to appear and testify in response to the House's subpoena. Plaintiff obviously cannot satisfy the competing demands of both the Legislative and Executive Branches, and he is aware of no controlling judicial authority definitively establishing which Branch's command should prevail.

2. Absent a definitive judgment from the Judicial Branch "say[ing] what the law is," *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S. (1 Cranch) 137, 177 (1803), Plaintiff will effectively be forced to adjudicate the Constitutional dispute himself, and if he judges wrongly, he will inflict grave Constitutional injury on either the House or the President. On the one hand, an erroneous judgment to abide by the President's assertion of testimonial immunity would unlawfully impede the House from carrying out one of its most important core Constitutional responsibilities, "the sole Power of Impeachment." U.S. CONST., art. I, § 2, cl. 5. And it would subject Plaintiff to potential criminal liability for contempt of Congress. *See* 2 U.S.C. § 192. On the other hand, an erroneous judgment to appear and testify in obedience to the House Defendants' subpoena would

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unlawfully impair the President in the exercise of his core national security responsibilities, *see generally* U.S. CONST., art. II, §§ 2–3, by revealing confidential communications from "those who advise and assist [him] in the performance of [his] manifold duties; the importance of this confidentiality is too plain to require further discussion." *United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683, 705 (1974). And it would constitute a violation, albeit in good faith, of the oath Plaintiff took to uphold the Constitution of the United States. Under our system of Government, it does not fall to a private citizen, but rather falls to the Judicial Department, "to construe and delineate claims arising under express powers" granted to the Legislative and Executive Branches, and to resolve conflicting claims by those two Branches "with respect to powers alleged to derive from enumerated powers" conferred on them by the Constitution. *Id.* at 704.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This case arises under Articles I and II of the Constitution of the United States, and implicates Article I, Section 2, Clause 5, which provides that the House of Representatives shall have "the sole Power of Impeachment," and Article II, Section 1, Clause 1, which vests the "executive Power ... in a President of the United States of America."

4. This Court has authority to issue a declaratory judgment and order other relief that is just and proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

5. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(e)(1) & (b)(2). All of the Defendants perform their official duties in this judicial district and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred in this judicial district.

#### PARTIES

6. Plaintiff Charles M. Kupperman is a citizen of Florida.

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7. Defendant United States House of Representatives is established by Article I, Section 1 of the Constitution of the United States, and it is vested with "the sole Power of Impeachment." U.S. CONST., art. I, § 2, cl. 5.

8. Defendant Nancy Pelosi is the Speaker of the House of Representatives. She is sued in her official capacity.

9. Defendant Adam B. Schiff is the Chairman of the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence. He is sued in his official capacity.

 Defendant Eliot L. Engel is the Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. He is sued in his official capacity.

11. Defendant Carolyn B. Maloney is the Acting Chair of the House Committee on Oversight and Reform. She is sued in her official capacity.

12. Defendant Donald J. Trump is the President of the United States. He is sued in his official capacity.

#### FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

13. Plaintiff served as the Deputy National Security Advisor and Assistant to the President from January 9, 2019, to September 20, 2019, and as the Acting National Security Advisor from September 10, 2019, to September 20, 2019. In that capacity, Plaintiff served as a close personal advisor to President Trump. Among Plaintiff's many duties as Deputy National Security Advisor and Acting National Security Advisor was advising the President with respect to national security policy toward Ukraine and coordinating national security policy among the relevant Executive Branch agencies, including but not limited to the Department of State, the Department of Defense, and the Office of Management and Budget.

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14. On October 25, 2019, Defendant Schiff, through Committee counsel, transmitted to Plaintiff's counsel an electronic message, "[p]ursuant to the House of Representatives' impeachment inquiry, ... transmitting a subpoena that compels [Plaintiff] to appear'' for a deposition at 9:30 a.m. on October 28, 2019. Although the subpoena was signed by Defendant Schiff on Monday, October 21, 2019, Committee counsel did not serve the subpoena on Plaintiff's counsel until 4:14 p.m. on Friday, October 25, 2019. A copy of the electronic message and the subpoena is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

15. Committee counsel's electronic message explained that the "subpoena is being issued by the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence under the Rules of the House of Representatives in exercise of its oversight and legislative jurisdiction and after consultation with the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Oversight and Reform." Exhibit A at 1.

16. The electronic message described the subject and scope of the investigation as follows: "The testimony shall be part of the House's impeachment inquiry and shared among the Committees, as well as with the Committee on the Judiciary as appropriate." *Id.* 

17. Because the subpoena seeks testimony concerning Plaintiff's service as senior confidential adviser to the President, Plaintiff's counsel provided the White House Counsel with a copy of the subpoena, and requested that the White House Counsel notify him of the President's position on the subpoena.

18. On October 25, 2019, the White House Counsel transmitted a letter to counsel for Plaintiff, asserting the "constitutional immunity of current and former senior advisors to the President" and instructing Plaintiff not to appear and testify in response to the subpoena. A copy of the letter is attached hereto as Exhibit B. The White House Counsel stated that the Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice had "advised [him] that [Plaintiff] is absolutely

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immune from compelled congressional testimony with respect to matters related to his service as a senior adviser to the President." Exhibit B at 1. The White House Counsel enclosed the opinion of the Office of Legal Counsel, and it is included in Exhibit B hereto.

19. The White House Counsel informed Plaintiff's counsel that "in order to protect the prerogatives of the Office of the President today and in the future, and in response to your request, the President directs Mr. Kupperman not to appear at the Committee's scheduled hearing on Monday, October 28, 2019." Exhibit B at 2.

#### LEGAL FRAMEWORK

20. Plaintiff is uncertain whether the subpoena issued to Plaintiff by the House Defendants validly obligates Plaintiff to appear for two separate reasons: (1) the President's assertion of immunity against congressional process may override the House subpoena; and (2) the House subpoena may not have been validly issued under House Rules. Plaintiff is not aware of any Supreme Court decision definitively answering either of these questions.

# A. Plaintiff Seeks a Declaratory Judgment on Whether He Is Immune from Congressional Process.

21. For nearly a half century, the Office of Legal Counsel of the Department of Justice ("OLC") has consistently opined that " the President and his immediate advisers are absolutely immune from testimonial compulsion by a Congressional committee' on matters related to their official duties." Memorandum for the Counsel to the President from Steven A. Engel, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Testimonial Immunity Before Congress of Former Counsel to the President*, 43 Op. O.L.C., slip op. at \*1 (May 20, 2019) ("Engel Opinion") (quoting Memorandum for All Heads of Offices, Divisions, Bureaus and Boards of the Department of Justice, from John M. Harmon, Acting Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Executive Privilege* at 5 (May 23, 1977)). OLC has reaffirmed this

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position more than a dozen times over the course of the last nine administrations of both political parties. *See* Engel Opinion at 3, n.1 (citing OLC opinions from the administrations of every President since President Nixon).

22. The Executive Branch has, with few exceptions, refused to permit close White House advisors to the President to testify before Congress since the 1940s when the Executive Office of the President was created. *See id.* at 7. OLC first articulated the legal basis for testimonial immunity of close Presidential advisors in 1971 in a Memorandum authored by then-Assistant Attorney General William H. Rehnquist. *See* Memorandum for John D. Ehrlichman, Assistant to the President for Domestic Affairs, from William H. Rehnquist, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Power of Congressional Committee to Compel Appearance or Testimony of "White House Staff"* (Feb. 5, 1971). Assistant Attorney General Rehnquist defined the scope of the immunity as follows:

The President and his immediate advisers — that is, those who customarily meet with the President on a regular or frequent basis — should be deemed absolutely immune from testimonial compulsion by a congressional committee. They not only may not be examined with respect to their official duties, but they may not even be compelled to appear before a congressional committee.

*Id*. at 7.

23. Both in his capacity as Deputy National Security Advisor and Assistant to the President, and in his capacity as Acting National Security Advisor, Plaintiff met with, and advised, President Trump directly on a frequent and regular basis.

24. The Rehnquist Memorandum has been repeatedly, and without exception, reaffirmed in opinions by heads of OLC from both political parties. *See, e.g.*, Letter to Phillip E. Areeda, Counsel to the President, from Antonin Scalia, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel (Sept. 25, 1974) (enclosing a Memorandum); Letter Opinion for the Counsel for

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the President from Christopher H. Schroeder, Acting Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Immunity of the Counsel to the President from Compelled Congressional Testimony*, 20 Op. O.L.C. 308 (1996); Memorandum Opinion for the Counsel to the President from Karl R. Thompson, Acting Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Immunity of the Assistant to the President and Director of the Office of Political Strategy and Outreach from Congressional Subpoena*, 38 Op. O.L.C., slip op \*1 (July 15, 2014) ("Thompson Memorandum").

25. OLC's rationale for this immunity begins with the premise that "[t]he President is a separate branch of government. He may not compel congressmen to appear before him. As a matter of separation of powers, Congress may not compel him to appear before it." Engel Opinion at 4 (quoting Memorandum for Edward C. Schmults, Deputy Attorney General, from Theodore B. Olson, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel at 2 (July 29, 1982)). OLC has reasoned that the testimonial immunity enjoyed by the President himself necessarily must extend to his close confidential advisors whose only function is to advise and assist the President in carrying out his duties: "For the President's absolute immunity to be fully meaningful, and for these separation of powers principles to be adequately protected, the President's immediate advisers must likewise have absolute immunity from congressional compulsion to testify about matters that occur during the course of discharging their official duties." Thompson Memorandum, 38 Op. O.L.C., slip op. at \*2. Absent testimonial immunity against Congressional process, according to OLC, the President's "strong interests in confidentiality, as well as the President's ability to obtain sound and candid advice" would be impaired. Engel Opinion, 43 Op. O.L.C., slip op. at \*5.

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26. On the other hand, the only judicial decision to address the question has concluded that the President's close advisors do not enjoy absolute immunity from Congressional process. In Committee on the Judiciary v. Miers, 558 F. Supp. 2d 53 (D.D.C. 2008), the House Committee on the Judiciary brought suit against Counsel to the President Harriet Miers and White House Chief of Staff Joshua Bolten to enforce its subpoenas for testimony and documents relating to the termination of nine United States Attorneys. District Judge Bates explained that Supreme Court authority on this question "powerfully suggests that such advisors do not enjoy absolute immunity." Id. at 99. The district court pointed out, see id. at 100–03, that in Harlow v. Fitzgerald, the Supreme Court held that senior presidential advisors do not enjoy absolute immunity from civil suits based on official acts even though the Court had previously held that the President himself is absolutely immune from civil suits based on official acts. See 457 U.S. 800 (1982); see also, Nixon v. Fitzgerald, 457 U.S. 731, 749 (1982). The court emphasized the narrow scope of its decision, holding "only that Ms. Miers (and other senior presidential advisors) do not have absolute immunity from compelled congressional process in the context of this particular subpoena dispute." Miers, 558 F. Supp. 2d at 105-06.

27. The district court in *Miers* further concluded that the Counsel to the President was not entitled to absolute or qualified immunity because the inquiry did not "involve the sensitive topics of national security or foreign affairs." *Id.* at 105. National security and foreign affairs are at the heart of the information that the House Defendants seek from Plaintiff in connection with the House's impeachment inquiry.

28. The district court's decision in *Miers* was stayed pending appeal. *See Comm. on the Judiciary of the U.S. House of Representatives v. Miers*, 542 F.3d 909, 910–11 (D.C. Cir.
2008) (per curiam). The case settled, and the appeal was dismissed before any further action was

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taken by the court of appeals. *Comm. on the Judiciary of the U.S. House of Representatives v. Miers*, No. 08-5357, 2009 WL 3568649, at \*1 (D.C. Cir. Oct. 14, 2009). Subsequent OLC decisions from both the Obama Administration and the Trump Administration have "respectfully disagree[d] with the district court's conclusion in *Miers* and adhere[d] to this Office's longestablished position that the President's immediate advisers are absolutely immune from compelled congressional testimony." Engel Opinion, 43 Op. O.L.C., slip op. at \*14 (citing Thompson Memorandum, 38 Op. O.L.C., slip op. at \*5–9).

29. In short, there is no definitive judicial authority resolving the question whether Plaintiff is bound to abide by the President's assertion of immunity or to comply with the House Defendants' subpoena issued "[p]ursuant to the House of Representatives' impeachment inquiry." It is not clear whether OLC's extension of testimonial immunity to a congressional subpoena issued in support of an impeachment inquiry – a judicial proceeding – is consistent with Supreme Court precedent post-dating the Rehnquist Memorandum. *See, e.g., United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683 (1974) (President does not have absolute immunity from subpoenas issued by grand juries in criminal judicial proceedings). On the other hand, it is also not clear whether the decision in *Miers* rejecting a close Presidential advisor's assertion of absolute testimonial immunity would extend to a subpoena issued to a former Deputy National Security Advisor seeking testimony relating to confidential national security communications concerning Ukraine, and in any case, that decision is not binding precedent.

# B. Plaintiff Seeks a Declaratory Judgment on Whether the Subpoena Issued to Plaintiff Is Authorized under House Rules.

30. Supreme Court precedent requires courts to determine "whether the committee was authorized to exact the information which the witness withheld ... before ... consider[ing] whether Congress had the power to confer upon the committee the authority which it claimed."

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*United States v. Rumely*, 345 U.S. 41, 42–43 (1953). "'The required authorization from the full House ... may take the form of a statute, a resolution, or a standing rule of the House.'" *Trump v. Mazars USA, LLP*, No.19-5142, 2019 WL 5089748, at \*22 (D.C. Cir. Oct. 11, 2019), *pet. for reh'g en banc filed* Oct. 24, 2019 (quoting Morton Rosenberg, *When Congress Comes Calling: A Study on the Principles, Practices, and Pragmatics of Legislative Inquiry* 33–34 (2017)); *see also Wilkinson v. United States*, 365 U.S. 399, 407–09 (1961); *Watkins v. United States*, 354 U.S. 178, 201 (1957); *Rumely*, 345 U.S. at 42–43.

31. Since 1975, the Rules of the House have granted committees the power to subpoena witnesses and materials under Rule XI, clause 2(m). *See* Elizabeth Rybicki and Michael Greene, *The Impeachment Process in the House of Representatives*, CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE R45769, at 4 (Updated Oct. 10, 2019), https://bit.ly/2lGH6mI. Prior to this rule change, House committees lacked subpoena power absent "resolutions providing blanket investigatory authorities that were agreed to at the start of a Congress or through authorizing resolutions for [an] impeachment investigation." *Id.* The House has not passed a resolution or statute authorizing the House Defendants' impeachment inquiry, nor has the House passed a resolution or statute authorizing the House Defendants to issue subpoenas as part of an impeachment investigation. Accordingly, the subpoena issued to Plaintiff is valid only if it is authorized by Rule XI, clause 2(m).

32. Rule XI, clause 2(m)(1) of the House Rules governing the 116th Congress authorizes Committee Chairs to issue subpoenas "[f]or the purpose of carrying out any of its functions and duties under this rule and rule X (including any matters referred to it under clause 2 of rule XII)." But none of the referenced "functions and duties" expressly include impeachment inquiries.

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33. Rule X, clause 1 describes the "legislative," rather than impeachment,

jurisdictions of each standing committee. None of the "[g]eneral oversight responsibilities" listed in Rule X, clause 2 involve impeachment proceedings. Rather, this subsection also references only legislative concerns:

The various standing committees shall have general oversight responsibilities as provided in paragraph (b) in order to assist the House in— (1) its analysis, appraisal, and evaluation of— (A) the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of Federal laws; and (B) conditions and circumstances that may indicate the necessity or desirability of enacting new or additional legislation; and (2) its formulation, consideration, and enactment of changes in Federal laws, and of such additional legislation as may be necessary or appropriate.

Rule X, clause (2)(a). And none of the "[s]pecial oversight functions" identified in clause 3 or the "[a]dditional functions of committees" in clause 4 reference impeachment proceedings either.

34. Likewise, no provision in Rule XI assigns functions or duties regarding impeachment proceedings. And while Clause 1(b)(1) does provide that "[e]ach committee may conduct at any time such investigations and studies as it considers necessary or appropriate in the exercise of its responsibilities under rule X," Rule X concerns only legislative responsibilities and does not mention impeachment.

35. Nor does Rule XII, clause 2 assign any impeachment functions or duties. It sets forth procedures for the Speaker to refer bills, resolutions, and other matters to committees. *See* Rule XII, clause 2.

36. The House Defendants appear to acknowledge that they have not been authorized to issue subpoenas in aid of an impeachment inquiry. Instead, they have stated that the subpoena to Plaintiff was "issued by the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence under the Rules of the House of Representatives *in exercise of its oversight and legislative jurisdiction* …." Exhibit A at 1 (emphasis added).

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37. It is unclear whether a House committee has the authority to issue subpoenas to investigate potentially illegal conduct by an impeachable officer outside the scope of a properly authorized impeachment inquiry. In *Trump v. Mazars USA, LLP*, Judge Rao observed, in dissent, that "[i]nvestigations of impeachable offenses simply are not, and never have been, within Congress's legislative power." No.19-5142, 2019 WL 5089748 (D.C. Cir. Oct. 11, 2019) at \*26 (Rao, J., dissenting). Judge Rao opined that longstanding principles of separation of powers preclude the Legislative Branch from investigating, prosecuting, and rendering judgment on alleged wrongdoing except when exercising its impeachment powers, which are *judicial* in nature. *See id.* at \*31–32 (Rao, J., dissenting). And she concluded that historical practice going back to the Founding has consistently drawn a sharp distinction between congressional investigations for legislative purposes and investigations into misconduct by impeachable officials. *See id.* at \*34–41 (Rao, J., dissenting).

38. Judge Rao advanced these points in dissent. The majority in *Mazars* disagreed with her analysis, holding instead that Rule XI, clause 2(m) authorized the House Oversight Committee to issue a subpoena in furtherance of an investigation into alleged misconduct by the President. *Id.* at \*22–26. If the majority ruling remains undisturbed (the President has petitioned for review by the en banc Court of Appeals and indicated his intention to seek Supreme Court review if his en banc petition is denied), it would be binding here and would require the conclusion that the subpoena issued to Plaintiff by the House Defendants is authorized by the House Rules. But Plaintiff raises the issue here to preserve it pending final resolution of the *Mazars* case.

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#### **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### **COUNT I**

#### **Declaratory Judgment**

39. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges the preceding paragraphs, as if set forth fully herein.

40. Plaintiff is bound by his oath of office to abide by the lawful constitutional commands of both the President and the House of Representatives.

41. Plaintiff has a duty to abide by a lawful constitutional assertion of immunity by the President and a lawful instruction by the President that he decline to testify before Congress concerning his official duties as a close advisor to the President.

42. Plaintiff likewise has a duty to comply with a lawful constitutional subpoena issued to him by a duly authorized committee of the House of Representatives.

43. The House Defendants assert that Plaintiff is lawfully obligated to comply with the subpoena they issued to him, and it is a federal criminal offense to willfully fail "to give testimony or to produce papers" in response to a lawful subpoena issued by "any committee of either House of Congress, … punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 nor less than \$100 and imprisonment in a common jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months." 2 U.S.C. § 192.

44. President Trump asserts that Plaintiff is lawfully obligated to abide by the President's assertion of immunity from Congressional process and his instruction that Plaintiff not appear and testify in response to the subpoena.

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45. Plaintiff has reasonable cause to be uncertain whether the subpoena issued to Plaintiff by the House Defendants was duly authorized by the House and is thus valid and binding on Plaintiff.

46. Plaintiff has reasonable cause to be uncertain whether the President's assertion of immunity on behalf of Plaintiff is valid and binding on Plaintiff.

47. It is not possible for Plaintiff to satisfy the commands of both the House Defendants on the one hand, and President Trump on the other.

48. Plaintiff is neither authorized nor able to resolve a Constitutional dispute between the Legislative and Executive Branches of our Government; instead, "[i]t is emphatically the province and the duty of the judicial department to say what the law is." *Marbury*, 5 U.S. at 177.

49. Accordingly, Plaintiff is "an interested party seeking" a declaration of his "rights and other legal relations" with the House Defendants on the one hand, and the President on the other. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2201(a). Plaintiff takes no position on whether the command of the Legislative Branch or the command of the Executive Branch should prevail; he seeks only to carry out whichever constitutional obligation the Judicial Branch determines to be lawful and binding on Plaintiff.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays that this Court:

A. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, enter declaratory relief as follows:

1. Declare whether the subpoena issued by the House Defendants to Plaintiff is authorized by, and valid under, House Rules; and

2. Declare whether the President's assertion of immunity from Congressional process on behalf of Plaintiff is valid and binding on Plaintiff.

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B. Expedite its consideration and resolution of this case in light of the pending impeachment proceedings.

C. Grant such other and further relief as may be just and proper under the circumstances.

October 25, 2019

Respectfully submitted:

<u>/s/ Charles J. Cooper</u> Charles J. Cooper, Bar No. 248070 Michael W. Kirk, Bar No. 424648 Shelby Baird<sup>\*</sup>

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20036 Telephone: (202) 220-9600 Facsimile: (202) 220-9601 Email: ccooper@cooperkirk.com

Counsel for Plaintiff Charles M. Kupperman

<sup>\*</sup> D.C. Bar Application Pending; Admitted in Pennsylvania

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# EXHIBIT A

Subject:	FW: Dr. Kupperman Deposition Subpoena - House Impeachment Inquiry
Date:	Friday, October 25, 2019 5:57:17 PM
Attachments:	20191025 - Subpoena Kupperman.pdf
	<u>ATT00001.htm</u>
	House Deposition Regulations.pdf
	ATT00002.htm
	House Resolution 6 Sec 103(a).pdf
	ATT00003.htm
	HPSCI Rules of Procedure.pdf
	ATT00004.htm

Resent-From: "Proofpoint Essentials" < <u>do-not-reply@proofpointessentials.com</u> >
From: "Mitchell, Nicolas"
Date: October 25, 2019 at 4:14:27 PM EDT
Resent-To: < <u>mkirk@cooperkirk.com</u> >
To: "Michael W. Kirk" < <u>mkirk@cooperkirk.com</u> >, Chuck Cooper
< <u>ccooper@cooperkirk.com</u> >
Cc: "Bitar, Maher", "Goldman, Daniel"
, "Noble, Daniel"
"Grooms, Susanne Sachsman", "Kenny, Peter"
, "Bair, James", "Carey,
Laura", "Wirkkala, Rheanne"

Subject: Dr. Kupperman Deposition Subpoena - House Impeachment Inquiry

Mr. Kirk and Mr. Cooper:

Pursuant to the House of Representatives' impeachment inquiry, we are hereby transmitting a subpoena that compels your client, Dr. Charles Kupperman, to appear at a previously scheduled deposition on **October 28, 2019, at 9:30 a.m., at The Capitol, HVC-304**.

The subpoena is being issued by the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence under the Rules of the House of Representatives in exercise of its oversight and legislative jurisdiction and after consultation with the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Oversight and Reform. The testimony shall be part of the House's impeachment inquiry and shared among the Committees, as well as with the Committee on the Judiciary as appropriate. Your client's failure or refusal to comply with the subpoena, including at the direction or behest of the President, the White House, or the State Department shall constitute evidence of obstruction of the House's impeachment inquiry and may be used as an adverse inference against the President.

In light of recent attempts by the Administration to direct witnesses not to appear voluntarily for depositions, the enclosed subpoena compels your client's mandatory appearance.

Enclosed are copies of the House Deposition Rules, Section 103(a) of H. Res. 6, and HPSCI's Rules of Procedure for your information.

Kindly confirm receipt. Thank you.

Nicolas A. Mitchell Senior Investigative Counsel House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

### **SUBPOENA**

## BY AUTHORITY OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

To	Dr. Charles Kupperman
	You are hereby commanded to be and appear before the
	House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence
	of the House of Representatives of the United States at the place, date, and time specified below.
	to produce the things identified on the attached schedule touching matters of inquiry committed to said committee or subcommittee; and you are not to depart without leave of said committee or subcommittee.
	Place of production:
	Date: Time:
	to testify at a deposition touching matters of inquiry committed to said committee or subcommittee; and you are not to depart without leave of said committee or subcommittee.
	Place of testimony: $\frac{HPSCI}{HPSCI}$ , $\frac{HVC-304}{THE}$ , $\frac{THE}{CAPITOL}$ Date: $\frac{10/28/19}{Time: 9:30.9.4}$ .
	Date: 10/28/19 Time: 9:30 a.m.
	to testify at a hearing touching matters of inquiry committed to said committee or subcommittee; and you are not to depart without leave of said committee or subcommittee.
	Place of testimony:
	Date: Time:
To_U	.S. Marshals Service, or any authorized Member or congressional staff
	to serve and make return.
	Witness my hand and the seal of the House of Representatives of the United States, at
	the city of Washington, D.C. this $21^{ST}$ day of OCTOBER, 2019.
5.64	- ASLO
Attest	Chairman or Authorized Member
Clerk	

### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

Subpoena for Dr. Charles Kupperman

Address C/o Michael W. Kirk, Esq., Cooper & Kirk, PLLC, 1523 New Hampshire Ave., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20036

before the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

U.S. House of Representatives 116th Congress

Served by (print name) Maher Bitar
Title General Counsel
Manner of service Electronic Mail
Date 10/25/2019
Signature of Server
Address Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, HVC-304, U.S. Capitol

Case 1:19-cv-03224 Document 1-2 Filed 10/25/19 Page 1 of 6

# EXHIBIT B

#### THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 25, 2019

Mr. Charles J. Cooper Cooper & Kirk, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Mr. Cooper:

I write in response to your request regarding the subpoena issued to your client, Charles Kupperman, by the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the United States House of Representatives (the "Committee") on October 25, 2019. The subpoena directs Mr. Kupperman to appear to testify at a deposition at 9:30 a.m. on Monday, October 28, 2019.

The Department of Justice (the "Department") has advised me that Mr. Kupperman is absolutely immune from compelled congressional testimony with respect to matters related to his service as a senior adviser to the President. *See* Letter to Pat A. Cipollone, Counsel to the President, from Steven A. Engel, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel (October 25, 2019). The Department has long taken the position—across administrations of both political parties—that "the President and his immediate advisers are absolutely immune from testimonial compulsion by a Congressional committee." *Immunity of the Former Counsel to the President from Compelled Congressional Testimony*, 31 Op. O.L.C. 191, 191 (2007) (quoting *Assertion of Executive Privilege with Respect to Clemency Decision*, 23 Op. O.L.C. 1, 4 (1999) (opinion of Attorney General Janet Reno)); *Immunity of the Counsel to the President from Compelled Congressional Testimony*, 308 (1996). That immunity arises from the President's position as head of the Executive Branch and from Mr. Kupperman's former position as a senior adviser to the President, specifically Assistant to the President and Deputy National Security Advisor.

As the Department's letter states, Mr. Kupperman qualifies as a senior presidential adviser entitled to immunity. The Department's opinions on this topic have consistently recognized that this immunity extends to immediate advisers "who customarily meet with the President on a regular or frequent basis,' and upon whom the President relies directly for candid and sound advice." *Immunity of the Assistant to the President and Director of the Office of Political Strategy* and Outreach from Congressional Subpoena, 38 Op. O.L.C. \_\_, at \*2 (June 15, 2014) (quoting Memorandum from William H. Rehnquist, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, *Re: Power of Congressional Committee to Compel Appearance or Testimony of "White House Staff* " at 7 (Feb. 5, 1971)). Accordingly, Mr. Kupperman cannot be compelled to appear before the Committee because "[s]ubjecting a senior presidential advisor to the congressional subpoena power would be akin to requiring the President himself to appear before Congress on matters Mr. Charles Cooper, Esq. Page 2

relating to the performance of his constitutionally assigned executive functions." Assertion of *Executive Privilege with Respect to Clemency Decision*, 23 Op. O.L.C. at 5. The constitutional immunity of current and former senior advisers to the President exists to protect the institution of the Presidency and, as stated by former Attorney General Reno, "may not be overborne by competing congressional interests." *Id.* 

Accordingly, in order to protect the prerogatives of the Office of President today and in the future, and in response to your request, the President directs Mr. Kupperman not to appear at the Committee's scheduled hearing on Monday, October 28, 2019. This long-standing principle is firmly rooted in the Constitution's separation of powers and protects the core functions of the Presidency, and this office is adhering to this well-established precedent in order to allow future Presidents to effectively execute the responsibilities of the Office of President. I also attach the letter opinion provided by the Department regarding Mr. Kupperman's immunity.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. Please do not hesitate to contact me or Mike Purpura if you have any questions.

epollona

Pat A. Cipollone Counsel to the President



#### **U.S. Department of Justice**

Office of Legal Counsel

Office of the Assistant Attorney General

Washington, D.C. 20530

October 25, 2019

Pat A. Cipollone Counsel to the President The White House Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. Cipollone:

Today, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives issued a subpoena seeking to compel Charles Kupperman, former Assistant to the President and Deputy National Security Advisor, to testify on Monday, October 28. The Committee subpoenaed Mr. Kupperman as part of its purported impeachment inquiry into the conduct of the President. The Administration has previously explained to the Committee that the House has not authorized an impeachment inquiry, and therefore, the Committee may not compel testimony in connection with the inquiry. Setting aside the question whether the inquiry has been lawfully authorized, you have asked whether the Committee may compel Mr. Kupperman to testify even assuming an authorized subpoena. We conclude that he is absolutely immune from compelled congressional testimony in his capacity as a former senior adviser to the President.

The Committee seeks Mr. Kupperman's testimony about matters related to his official duties at the White House. We understand that Committee staff informed Mr. Kupperman's private counsel that the Committee wishes to question him about the telephone call between President Trump and the President of Ukraine that took place on July 25, 2019, during Mr. Kupperman's tenure as a presidential adviser, and related matters. *See "Urgent Concern" Determination by the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community*, 43 Op. O.L.C. \_\_, at \*1–3 (Sept. 3, 2019) (discussing the July 25 telephone call).

The Department of Justice has for decades taken the position, and this Office recently reaffirmed, that "Congress may not constitutionally compel the President's senior advisers to testify about their official duties." *Testimonial Immunity Before Congress of the Former Counsel to the President*, 43 Op. O.L.C. \_\_, at \*1 (May 20, 2019) ("*Immunity of the Former Counsel*"). This testimonial immunity is rooted in the separation of powers and derives from the President's status as the head of a separate, co-equal branch of government. *See id.* at \*3–7. Because the President's closest advisers serve as his alter egos, compelling them to testify would undercut the "independence and autonomy" of the Presidency, *id.* at \*4, and interfere directly with the President's ability to faithfully discharge his responsibilities. Absent immunity, "congressional committees could wield their compulsory power to attempt to supervise the President's actions, or to harass those advisers in an effort to influence their conduct, retaliate for actions the committee disliked, or embarrass and weaken the President for partisan gain." *Immunity of the Assistant to the President and Director of the Office of Political Strategy and Outreach From Congressional Subpoena*, 38 Op. O.L.C. \_\_, at \*3 (July 15, 2014).

Congressional questioning of the President's senior advisers would also undermine the independence and candor of executive branch deliberations. *See Immunity of the Former Counsel*, 43 Op. O.L.C. at \*5–7. Administrations of both political parties have insisted on the immunity of senior presidential advisers, which is critical to protect the institution of the Presidency. *Assertion of Executive Privilege with Respect to Clemency Decision*, 23 Op. O.L.C. 1, 5 (1999) (A.G. Reno).

Mr. Kupperman qualifies as a senior presidential adviser entitled to immunity. The testimonial immunity applies to the President's "immediate advisers-that is, those who customarily meet with the President on a regular or frequent basis." Memorandum for John D. Ehrlichman, Assistant to the President for Domestic Affairs, from William H. Rehnquist, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, Re: Power of Congressional Committee to Compel Appearance or Testimony of "White House Staff" at 7 (Feb. 5, 1971). Your office has informed us that Mr. Kupperman served as the sole deputy to National Security Advisor John R. Bolton, and briefly served as Acting National Security Advisor after Mr. Bolton's departure. As Deputy National Security Advisor, Mr. Kupperman generally met with the President multiple times per week to advise him on a wide range of national security matters, and he met with the President even more often during the frequent periods when Mr. Bolton was traveling. Mr. Kupperman participated in sensitive internal deliberations with the President and other senior advisers, maintained an office in the West Wing of the White House, traveled with the President on official trips abroad on multiple occasions, and regularly attended the presentation of the President's Daily Brief and meetings of the National Security Council presided over by the President.

Mr. Kupperman's immunity from compelled testimony is strengthened because his duties concerned national security. The Supreme Court held in *Harlow v. Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. 800 (1982), that senior presidential advisers do not enjoy absolute immunity from civil liability—a holding that, as we have previously explained, does not conflict with our recognition of absolute immunity from compelled congressional testimony for such advisers, *see, e.g., Immunity of the Former Counsel*, 43 Op. O.L.C. at \*13–14. Yet the *Harlow* Court recognized that "[f]or aides entrusted with discretionary authority in such sensitive areas as national security or foreign policy," even absolute immunity from suit "might well be justified to protect the unhesitating performance of functions vital to the national interest." 457 U.S. at 812; *see also id.* at 812 n.19 ("a derivative claim to Presidential immunity would be strongest in such 'central' Presidential domains as foreign policy and national security, in which the President could not discharge his singularly vital mandate without delegating functions nearly as sensitive as his own").

Immunity is also particularly justified here because the Committee apparently seeks Mr. Kupperman's testimony about the President's conduct of relations with a foreign government. The President has the constitutional responsibility to conduct diplomatic relations, *see Assertion of Executive Privilege for Documents Concerning Conduct of Foreign Affairs with Respect to Haiti*, 20 Op. O.L.C. 5, 7 (1996) (A.G. Reno), and as a result, the President has the "exclusive authority to determine the time, scope, and objectives of international negotiations." *Unconstitutional Restrictions on Activities of the Office of Science and Technology Policy in Section 1340(a) of the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011*, 35 Op. O.L.C. \_\_, at \*4 (Sept. 19, 2011) (quotation marks omitted). Compelling testimony about these sensitive constitutional responsibilities would only deepen the very concerns—about

separation of powers and confidentiality—that underlie the rationale for testimonial immunity. *See New York Times Co. v. United States*, 403 U.S. 713, 728 (1971) (Stewart, J., concurring) ("[I]t is elementary that the successful conduct of international diplomacy and the maintenance of an effective national defense require both confidentiality and secrecy.").

Finally, it is inconsequential that Mr. Kupperman is now a private citizen. In *Immunity of the Former Counsel*, we reaffirmed that for purposes of testimonial immunity, there is "no material distinction" between "current and former senior advisers to the President," and therefore, an adviser's departure from the White House staff "does not alter his immunity from compelled congressional testimony on matters related to his service to the President." 43 Op. O.L.C. at \*16; see also Immunity of the Former Counsel to the President from Compelled Congressional Testimony, 31 Op. O.L.C. 191, 192–93 (2007). It is sufficient that the Committee seeks Mr. Kupperman's testimony on matters related to his official duties at the White House.

Please let us know if we may be of further assistance.

Sten Engel 140

Steven A. Engel Assistant Attorney General

#### Case 1:19-cv-03224 Document 1-3 Filed 10/25/19 Page 1 of 2 CIVIL COVER SHEET

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#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET JS-44 Authority for Civil Cover Sheet

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and services of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. Listed below are tips for completing the civil cover sheet. These tips coincide with the Roman Numerals on the cover sheet.

- I. COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT (b) County of residence: Use 11001 to indicate plaintiff if resident of Washington, DC, 88888 if plaintiff is resident of United States but not Washington, DC, and 99999 if plaintiff is outside the United States.
- III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES: This section is completed <u>only</u> if diversity of citizenship was selected as the Basis of Jurisdiction under Section II.
- IV. CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT: The assignment of a judge to your case will depend on the category you select that best represents the <u>primary</u> cause of action found in your complaint. You may select only <u>one</u> category. You <u>must</u> also select <u>one</u> corresponding nature of suit found under the category of the case.
- VI. CAUSE OF ACTION: Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of the primary cause.
- VIII. RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY: If you indicated that there is a related case, you must complete a related case form, which may be obtained from the Clerk's Office.

Because of the need for accurate and complete information, you should ensure the accuracy of the information provided prior to signing the form.

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) United States of America Attorney General of the United States U.S. Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for <i>name of individual and title, if any</i> )	United States of America						
was rec	ceived by me on <i>date</i> )							
	□ I personally served the summons on the indivi	dual at (place)						
		on date)	; or					
	$\Box$ I left the summons at the individual's residence	e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )						
	, a	person of suitable age and discretion who res	ides there,					
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	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )							
		on date)	; or					
	□ I returned the summons unexecuted because		; or					
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	I declare under penalty of perjury that this inform	nation is true.						
Date:								
Date.		Server's signature						
		Printed name and title						

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) United States of America United States Attorneys' Office District of Columbia 501 Third Street N.W., Fourth Floor Washington, D.C. 20530

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for <i>n</i> ceived by me on <i>date</i> )	ame of individual and title, if any)		
	□ I personally serve	ed the summons on the individ		
			on date)	; or
	$\Box$ I left the summon		e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	person of suitable age and discretion who res	
	on date)	, and mailed a cop	by to the individual's last known address; or	
		nons on <i>name of individual)</i>		, who is
	designated by law to	o accept service of process on	behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )	
			on date)	; or
	$\Box$ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted because		; or
	Other (specify :			
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
	I declare under pena	lty of perjury that this inform	ation is true.	
Date:				
		·	Server's signature	
			Printed name and title	

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) United States House of Representatives Ford House Office Building Room 217 Washington, D.C. 20515

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for $n$	ame of individual and title, if any)	United States House of Representatives				
was rec	eived by me on <i>date</i> )		-				
	□ I personally serve	ed the summons on the individ	dual at (place)				
			on date)	; or			
	□ I left the summon	as at the individual's residence	e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )				
		, a p	person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,			
	on date)	, and mailed a cop	y to the individual's last known address; or				
	$\Box$ I served the summ	nons on <i>name of individual)</i>		, W	ho is		
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )						
			on date)	; or			
	□ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted because			; or		
	<b>Other</b> <i>(specify :</i>						
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under pena	lty of perjury that this inform	ation is true.				
Date:							
Dute.		·	Server's signature				
			Printed name and title				

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) The Honorable Donald J. Trump 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, D.C. 20500

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was ree		ame of individual and title, if any)	The Honorable Donald J. Trump				
	□ I personally serve	d the summons on the individ	dual at (place)				
			on date)				
	$\Box$ I left the summon	s at the individual's residence	e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )				
		, a p	person of suitable age and discretion who res	ides there,			
	on date)	, and mailed a cop	by to the individual's last known address; or				
	$\Box$ I served the summ	nons on name of individual)		, who is			
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )						
			on date)	; or			
	$\Box$ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because		; or			
	□ Other (specify :						
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00 .			
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this information	ation is true.				
Date:							
			Server's signature				
			Printed name and title				

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) The Honorable Nancy Pelosi 1236 Longworth House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec		ne of individual and title, if any)	The Honorable Nancy Pelosi		
	□ I personally served	the summons on the individ	lual at (place)		
			on date)	; or	
	□ I left the summons	at the individual's residence	e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )		
		, a p	person of suitable age and discretion who	resides there	е,
			y to the individual's last known address; o	or	
	□ I served the summer	ons on name of individual)			, who is
	designated by law to	accept service of process on	behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )		
			on date)	; or	
	$\Box$ I returned the sum	nons unexecuted because			; or
	Other <i>(specify :</i>				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of a	\$0.0	.00
	I declare under penalt	y of perjury that this information	ation is true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) The Honorable Adam B. Schiff HVC304 Capitol Washington, D.C. 20515

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was re		e of individual and title, if any)	The Honorable Adam B. Schiff					
	□ I personally served the summons on the individual at ( <i>place</i> )							
			on date)					
	$\Box$ I left the summons a		e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )	· 1 /1				
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
	on <i>date</i> ), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	$\Box$ I served the summor	ns on <i>name of individual</i> )		2	who is			
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )							
			on date)	; or				
	$\Box$ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because			; or			
	Other (specify :							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of	\$0.00				
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.							
Date:								
			Server's signature					
			Printed name and title					

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Defendant's name and address) The Honorable Eliot L. Engel 2170 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was ree	This summons for <i>nat</i> ceived by me on <i>date</i> )	me of individual and title, if any)	The Honorable Eliot L. Engel				
	□ I personally served the summons on the individual at ( <i>place</i> )						
			on date)				
	$\Box$ I left the summons	at the individual's residence	e or usual place of abode with <i>name</i> )				
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,						
			y to the individual's last known address; or				
	$\Box$ I served the summer	ons on name of individual)		, who is	3		
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )						
			on date)	; or			
	$\Box$ I returned the sum	nons unexecuted because		; or			
	Other <i>(specify :</i>						
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.						
Date:							
			Server's signature				
			Printed name and title				

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Columbia

Charles M. Kupperman

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Civil Action No. 19-3224

United States House of Representatives, et al.

Defendant(s

#### SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: *Defendant's name and address)* The Honorable Carolyn B. Maloney 2157 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Charles J. Cooper

COOPER & KIRK, PLLC 1523 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 19-3224

#### **PROOF OF SERVICE**

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

<ul> <li>I personally served the summons on the individual at (place)</li> <li>on date); on</li> <li>I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with name)</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with <i>name</i>)        , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides         on <i>date</i>), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or</li> <li>I served the summons on <i>name of individual</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ceived by me on <i>date</i>)</li> <li>I personally served the summons on the individual at (<i>place</i>)</li> </ul>							
, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides on <i>date</i> ), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or I served the summons on <i>name of individual</i> )	r							
on date)      , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or         I served the summons on name of individual)								
□ I served the summons on <i>name of individual</i> )	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of <i>name of organization</i> )	, who is							
on <i>date</i> ); of	r							
□ I returned the summons unexecuted because	; or							
□ Other (specify :								
My fees are \$ for travel and \$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00 .							
I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.								
Date:								
Server's signature								
Printed name and title								

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: